

При выполнении заданий с кратким ответом впишите в поле для ответа цифру, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа, или число, слово, последовательность букв (слов) или цифр. Ответ следует записывать без пробелов и каких-либо дополнительных символов. Так как на экзамене распознавание апострофа в бланках ответов будет затруднено, записывайте ответ в полной форме, например: donotknow, вместо don'tknow.

В заданиях, где нужно установить соответствие между двумя столбцами, ответ запишите в виде сочетания букв и цифр, соблюдая алфавитную последовательность букв левого столбца. Некоторые данные правого столбца могут использоваться несколько раз или не использоваться вообще. Например: A1B1B4Г2.

Если вариант задан учителем, вы можете вписать или загрузить в систему ответы к заданиям с развернутым ответом. Учитель увидит результаты выполнения заданий с кратким ответом и сможет оценить загруженные ответы к заданиям с развернутым ответом. Выставленные учителем баллы отобразятся в вашей статистике.

1. Расположите реплики так, чтобы получился связный диалог. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

- A. So, do you feel like doing anything tonight?  
 B. Oh, really? I didn't know you had a brother. How old is he?  
 C. Well, actually, I'm already going to see a film with my brother.  
 D. And do you get on with him all right?  
 E. I can never really remember. He's a good bit older than me.  
 F. He's great. We get on really well. He likes the same kind of films as me.

- 1) AEBDFC    2) ACDEBF    3) ACBEDF    4) ACDFBE

2. Прочитайте предложения. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа.

You ought to hear it from his lips ... you could judge.

- 1) because    2) so that    3) in order to    4) so as

3. Выберите реплику-стимул, подходящую по смыслу к предложенной ответной реплике.

Has he? It's unlike him.

- 1) He'd like to make a party.    2) He is going abroad this Summer.  
 3) He hasn't done anything Wrong.    4) He's let me down again.

I (1) ... very well the first law conference I attended. It was in the 1990s. The conference had many outstanding speakers but only one of them (2) ... a lasting impression in my mind. That speaker, a law lecturer, (3) ... answering a number of questions on his paper that (4) ... when he (5) ... a question by an elderly gentleman in the audience: "If your father committed a murder and he confessed the crime to you, what would you do?" The speaker Smiled and said, "Sir, you (6) ... me a very difficult question. I need time to answer that, but I will, after the tea break."

When the session resumed, the speaker took his place on the stage. "I (7) ... to answer the gentleman's question now. As my father's son I would listen to him. I would even cry with him. As his lawyer, I would advise him to confess to the crime and I would go with him to the police station." His answer received what it (8) ... - thunderous applause.

4. Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Заполните пропуск (1).

- 1) would remember    2) was being remembered    3) had remembered  
 4) remember

5. Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Заполните пропуск (4).

- 1) had been presented    2) had been presenting    3) presented  
 4) had presented

6. Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Заполните пропуск (6).

- 1) were asking      2) have been asked      3) have asked      4) asked

7. Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Заполните пропуск (7).

- 1) would like      2) would have liked      3) liked      4) like

8. Прочитайте текст. Выберите один из предложенных вариантов ответа. Заполните пропуск (8).

- 1) deserves      2) was deserved      3) deserved      4) has been deserved

§ 1. Ask a biologist what the most intelligent creatures are on Earth, and they'll probably come up with a fairly similar list: larger mammals such as horses, dogs, dolphins, pigs, the great apes as well as some birds like crows and ravens. But now some scientists believe that one of the most intelligent beings on Earth is in fact the octopus — which doesn't belong to any of these groups.

§ 2. Every schoolchild knows that octopuses have eight legs and can shoot ink while trying to escape from enemies. But there are many other unusual things about octopuses. For example, if an octopus loses a leg, it can grow a new one. It also has three hearts and complex eyes, which seem to belong to a mammal rather than a Sea creature. Octopuses also seem to be experts at escaping — they have extremely soft, flexible bodies and can escape through holes not much bigger than their eyes.

§ 3. However, even until quite recently, little was known about octopus intelligence. There are several reasons for this. Firstly, octopuses usually live at the bottom of river mouths and seas - areas which are not **attractive** to researchers. Secondly, they are not social animals so it can be difficult to study their interaction with others. Perhaps most importantly, octopus intelligence is not easy for humans to understand. Octopuses seem like strangers. Scientists need to have a lot of imagination to be able to understand what an octopus is thinking!

§ 4. In the 1950s, the US Air Force sponsored scientists to study the way octopuses use their brains. They hoped that they could use this knowledge to help them build better computers. However, their brains were so complex that the scientists quickly gave up. And even today the octopus brain is a **mystery**. Octopuses have a very complex nervous system and recent research suggests that they have some of their intelligence inside each arm, which means that each arm can 'think' for itself. It also appears that they have good memories, perhaps similar to a cat's. Some Octopuses in laboratories seem to play with objects as if they were toys — a sure sign of intelligence. Others could pick up complicated skills like opening jars.

§ 5. Perhaps the most striking thing about octopuses is their ability to change their colour and body pattern. They do this to camouflage themselves and also to communicate with others. They can completely change their appearance in less than a second. A scientist once observed an octopus that changed its appearance nearly 1,000 times during seven hours of feeding!

9. Прочитайте текст. Ответьте на вопросы.

Now some scientists believe that

- 1) all octopuses are more intelligent than larger animals.  
2) we can add the octopus to the list of most intelligent animals.  
3) the octopus isn't in fact a mammal.

10. Прочитайте текст. Ответьте на вопросы.

An octopus's eye is

- 1) rather unusual for a mammal.  
2) rather unusual for a creature that lives in the sea.      3) not very complicated.

§ 1. If you've ever thought that talking to someone was a waste of breath, you might be comforted to know that in some cases you are right — the words we utter have very little effect on people compared with how we say them and what we are doing when we say them.

§ 2. Recent research has shown that in a presentation before a group of people, 55 per cent of the effect on the audience is determined by the body language of the speaker, 38 per cent by their tone of voice and only 7 per cent by the actual content of what is being said. Body language speaks louder than words.

§ 3. So can performance and communication skills really be improved? It would appear so, according to Neuro-Linguistic Programming, or NLP, which was developed in the 1970s by therapist Richard Bandler and linguistics professor John Grinder. They asked: "What makes the difference between someone who is competent at something and someone who is excellent?" They examined the behaviour of people generally considered to be examples of excellence in their respective fields to identify what they were doing consciously (*осознанно*) and unconsciously. Surprisingly, they discovered patterns of communication which all these high achievers were using to produce **consistently** positive results. They found that they were able to copy these strategies and achieve similar success, so they developed a way of teaching these skills to other people, a method they called Neuro-Linguistic Programming.

§ 4. They have discovered how people achieve mutual understanding, both consciously and unconsciously, by observing the body language and voice patterns of the person they are talking to. If you're dealing with someone who is painfully shy, you're not going to make a good connection by overwhelming them with your cheerfulness. By matching someone's behaviour we can gain their **confidence**, achieve a good relationship and improve the quality of communication — in other words, we can get on someone's wavelength. NLP practitioners claim anyone can learn how to do this, and quite quickly. NLP is all about taking one's unconscious, not very highly developed skills and practising them consciously.

§ 5. Another powerful aspect of NLP is its use of positive thinking. We can become aware of the negative and turn it to the positive. Once it is framed in a positive way as a goal, the brain can begin to cope with it and then apply itself to achieving that outcome. To put it another way, if you don't know where you're going, it makes it harder to get there.

11. Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий его содержанию.

What has recent research into the way people speak shown?

- 1) Certain kinds of body language create distrust.
- 2) A person's tone of voice often does not match what they are saying.
- 3) Failure to communicate well has little to do with what you say.

12. Прочитайте текст и выберите вариант ответа, соответствующий его содержанию.

The therapist and the professor developed NLP when they discovered that

- 1) successful people communicate in similar ways.
- 2) people copy methods of communication.
- 3) competence depends on good communication.

«Body image» is the picture you have in your mind of your size, shape and general appearance — and how you feel about it. Where does this image come from? Lifestyle adviser Anne Banks examines the issues.

Do you love what you see in the mirror? No? Then you are not alone. Almost everybody worries about what other people think, and we all get stressed out about the size of our feet or the shape of our nose.

It's the images we see in the media that are mostly to blame. (1) \_\_ Whether it's a hunky actor in designer jeans and trendy jacket or a stunning model in an elegant dress, they're sending the same message: «If you look like me, your life will be perfect».

But appearances can be deceptive. Compare today's magazine covers with those of fifty years ago. (2) \_\_ Not any more! Nowadays, blemishes are removed from photographs with the help of a technique called «airbrushing». A photographer or designer can straighten teeth, alter skin colour, and even change a hairstyle. That perfect face is just a trick of the camera after all!

The «perfect» body shapes aren't natural, either. Go down to any gym and you'll find young men «pumping iron» in an effort to live up to some masculine ideal that says that «real» men should be strong and muscular. Body builders, desperate to increase the size of their muscles, often eat food with far more calories and protein than is natural, which is a danger to their health. (3) \_\_

It's the same for the girls. We all know of celebrities who go on starvation diets so that they can wear «size zero» clothes. They end up ruining their health. The irony is, naturally curvy girls who diet until they're stick-thin actually end up looking awful. Ask boys! (4) \_\_ Unfortunately, some girls are so obsessed with their weight they just don't realise!

(5) \_\_ These include pop singers like Mis-Teeq, Jamelia, and Rachel Stevens. Rachel Stevens doesn't want to be stick-thin. «There's always been this pressure to be skinny, but you've got artists now like J-Lo and Beyoncé who are really curvy and look absolutely stunning», she says.

So come on boys and girls, take control of your life! We hr mans come in all shapes and sizes and there's no «correct» to look. It's what you say and do that really matters. (6) \_\_ They're not what they seem! Anyway, why waste your time trying to live up to somebody else's ideal? Being fit and healthy is far more important. Just believe in yourself! After all, if you like yourself as you are, everyone else will probably end up liking you, too!

**13.** Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуск (1) одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов.

1 — And if they lift weights, they risk permanent injury unless they are very careful.

2 — I want to look good on stage, of course, but I'm not sure people realise the amount of time and effort that goes into that.

3 — Back then, models were allowed to have blemishes like spots or wrinkles.

4 — Open a magazine or turn on the TV and you'll see glamorous people living the 'perfect' life.

1) 1      2) 2      3) 3      4) 4

**14.** Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуск (2) одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов.

1 — And if they lift weights, they risk permanent injury unless they are very careful.

2 — I want to look good on stage, of course, but I'm not sure people realise the amount of time and effort that goes into that.

3 — Back then, models were allowed to have blemishes like spots or wrinkles.

4 — Open a magazine or turn on the TV and you'll see glamorous people living the 'perfect' life.

1) 1      2) 2      3) 3      4) 4

**15.** Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуск (3) одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов.

1 — And if they lift weights, they risk permanent injury unless they are very careful.

2 — I want to look good on stage, of course, but I'm not sure people realise the amount of time and effort that goes into that.

3 — Back then, models were allowed to have blemishes like spots or wrinkles.

4 — Open a magazine or turn on the TV and you'll see glamorous people living the 'perfect' life.

1) 1      2) 2      3) 3      4) 4

**16.** Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуск (4) одним из предложенных текстовых фрагментов.

1 — Fortunately, some media stars are beginning to resist the pressure to look skinny.

2 — Forget the ‘perfect’ people you see pictured in the media.

3 — They often spend huge amounts of time and money trying to look good.

4 — Most of them prefer girls with a bit of shape.

1) 1      2) 2      3) 3      4) 4

Archaeologists (1) ... that a perfectly preserved 5,500-year-old shoe has been discovered in a cave in Armenia in south-west Asia. It is (2) ... to be the oldest leather shoe ever found. The shoe was made of a single piece of leather, stitched at the front and back, and was shaped to fit the wearer’s foot. It had been stuffed with grasses, either for warmth or to make sure it kept its shape. The shoe is relatively small but we can’t say for (3) ... whether it was worn by a man or a woman,’ says Dr Ron Pinhasi, an archaeologist on the research team. ‘We thought at first that it was about 600–700 years old because it was in such good shape.’ Shoes of this type from later periods have turned up in archaeological excavations in various places in Europe, and shoes of a very similar design were still being used on the Aran Islands off the west coast of Ireland as (4) ... as the 1950s. It’s obviously a style which (5) ... popular for thousands of years.

**17.** Какое слово (словосочетание) пропущено на позиции (1)?

1) report      2) reveal      3) present      4) record      5) spread

**18.** Какое слово (словосочетание) пропущено на позиции (2)?

1) valued      2) felt      3) guessed      4) believed      5) concerned

**19.** Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

He (гордится) a great pride in his beautiful gardens.

**20.** Переведите на английский язык фрагмент предложения, данный в скобках.

Ben doesn’t want to (рисковать) such a risk.

**21.** Прочитайте предложения. Заполните пропуски ОДНИМ словом, подходящим по смыслу сразу для двух предложений. Запишите слово в бланке ответов только ОДИН раз.

Kelly walked hand in ... with her father on the beach.

Could you lend me a ... with this piano? I need to move it across the room.

I hope Jim and Sarah will have a happy marriage. However, I am sure (1) ... wife nor family will ever separate Jim and his music. It is obvious that the guitar will accompany them on their honeymoon. Jim hopes to (2) ... to an agreement with a recording company. Perhaps one day a CD of his work will (3) ... released.

**22.** Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуск (1) только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

**23.** Прочитайте текст. Заполните пропуск (2) только одним словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

The number of people working a traditional nine-to-five day at the office is decreasing. People can (1) ... (**EASY**) work from home with access to the Internet, email and all the rest of it, and while managers who do this may still work the same number of hours, start and finish times can be more (2) ... (**FLEX**). This doesn't mean that the office as a physical place isn't still important. This is where talking to clients or interviewing candidates for jobs takes place and it's unlikely to be (3) ... (**PLACE**) any time soon. In (4) ... (**ADD**), work premises have become nicer places to be than they were even ten years ago.

24. Прочитайте текст. От приведенного в скобке (1) слова образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННОЕ слово таким образом, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск (1). Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

25. Прочитайте текст. От приведенного в скобке (2) слова образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННОЕ слово таким образом, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск (2). Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

26. Прочитайте текст. От приведенного в скобке (3) слова образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННОЕ слово таким образом, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск (3). Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

27. Прочитайте текст. От приведенного в скобке (4) слова образуйте ОДНОКОРЕННОЕ слово таким образом, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск (4). Помните, что заданную форму слова необходимо изменить.

1. Have you ever heard of Shinsegae? And do you know what does the word means? Well, Shinsegae

2. is the world's largest department store and there is located in South Korea. The word means "New

3. World". In this enormous twelve-floor building where you can find everything from shops, travel

4. agencies and beauty salons to ice rinks and cinemas. If you are keen on these clothing which

5. is in fashion, there are much plenty of shops to choose from. If you can afford something really

6. expensive, you should visit one other of the designer shops such as Louis Vuitton and Prada.

7. Those of you who are unable to spend a fortune and are looking for a few bargain can visit

8. the shops which are stock more affordable items of clothing for you to try on. Many people visit

9. Shinsegae, but it never feels overcrowded so it won't take you else ages to get to the till (*каска*)

10. to pay. And you can always pay in every instalments if you don't have enough money on you.

28. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (1) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

29. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (2) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

30. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (3) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

31. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (4) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

32. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (5) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

33. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (6) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

34. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (7) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

35. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (8) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

36. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (9) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

37. Прочитайте текст. Из строки (10) выпишите ОДНО лишнее слово.

1. She described the whole play to us ... detail.
2. Both my sons are crazy ... old motorbikes.
3. The restaurant prides itself ... having the best pizza in town.
4. There are so ... lemons in the fridge that I can't make lemonade.
5. ... Susan use to be slim when she was at university?
6. Bob Dylan ... original name was Robert Zimmerman won the Nobel Prize in Literature in 2016.

**38.** Прочитайте предложение (1). Заполните пропуск ОДНИМ словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

**39.** Прочитайте предложение (2). Заполните каждый из пропусков только ОДНИМ словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.

**40.** Прочитайте предложение (3). Заполните каждый из пропусков только ОДНИМ словом, подходящим по смыслу. Слово должно содержать не более 15 символов.